

## TOWN A SHAMBLES; OVER 200 KILLED

Bodies of Jews, Horribly  
Mutilated, Lay in  
Streets

## NEW OUTBREAK OF TROUBLE FEARED

Weeping Women Search for  
Traces of Murdered or Wound-  
ed Relatives—Principal  
Stores in City Are  
Wrecked or  
Burned.

(By Associated Press.)  
ODESSA, June 18.—The Novosti, of  
this city, published a dispatch to-day  
from its correspondent at Bialystok,  
Poland, stating that 290  
Jewish corpses, a great number of  
which were horribly mutilated. Only  
six Christians were killed and eight  
wounded.

(By Associated Press.)  
BIALYSTOK, RUSSIA, June 18.—The  
situation is still not only tranquil. A  
recurrence of the trouble is not im-  
possible. The streets are filled with  
Corpses and Infants.

The correspondent of the Associated  
Press, who arrived here yesterday, said  
that he was not allowed to enter the  
city until to-day, found the story of the riot writ-  
ten in large letters in the aspect of the  
streets, which were a continuous picture  
of horror and pillage. The windows  
and doors of the Jewish homes were wide  
open, giving a view of the wreckage in-  
terior, or were boarded up with rude  
wooden shutters. Everywhere could be  
seen weeping women hunting for traces  
of killed or wounded relatives. The prin-  
cipal stores were either devastated  
wrecks or mere mounds of ashes, among  
which the wreckage of property, last week  
rich, but now reduced to poverty, were  
wandering about, weakly endeavoring to  
ascertain the extent of their misfortunes.

### Attack by Terrorists.

Before practically every house left in-  
fact hung on a beam with a burning lamp  
and the street doors were marked with  
great crosses, made with chalk, or of  
cloth, to show the way to the houses of  
terrorists. The streets were patrolled  
by strong detachments of cavalry and  
infantry and the cordon of troops drawn  
around the town when the outbreak first  
occurred was still maintained. The rail-  
road station was occupied by the mili-  
tary and nobody was allowed to enter  
the town without a permit from the com-  
mandant. Strict martial law prevailed.

Another attack was made yesterday  
evening on the police station by armed  
revolutionists, who occupied a house  
nearby. They opened fire from the build-  
ing on the police, but a force of Con-  
sables was gathered and the house was  
stormed and the revolutionists were dis-  
persed. It was feared that the latter,  
who are members of the Jewish  
bund, and are enraged and embittered  
by the slaughter of their co-religionists,  
would seize the occasion of the funerals  
of the victims to-day to make a new  
attack, but the government has pre-  
vented the necessary military measures to  
prevent it.

### Bodies Lying in Street.

The scene at the Jewish hospital,  
where the majority of the Jewish dead  
and most severely wounded were taken,  
was terrible. When the correspondent  
arrived there the grass plot outside the  
hospital was covered with mangled  
corpses, arranged in two long rows,  
awaiting burial. The wooden walk from  
the gate to the door over which the  
bodies were carried was stained with  
blood. The dead and wounded were still  
lying in the streets for two or three  
days. Only the most severely wounded  
were taken inside the hospital. The  
bodies of some of these were frightfully  
bruised, broken and mangled.

A constant stream of unhappy persons  
visited the hospital, endeavoring to lo-  
cate and identify members of their fami-  
lies or friends or obtain the bodies of  
dear ones for burial. Some of the bodies  
had already been removed, but the hos-  
pital attendants asserted that about a  
hundred in all had been brought in, and  
that many more remained in the out-  
skirts of Bialystok, where it was still  
unsafe for the Red Cross detachments  
to venture.

At the District Hospital there were six  
dead persons and eight or ten wounded.  
These were all Christians. One man had  
been killed and two wounded as a result  
of the explosion of bombs. The others  
had bullet wounds.

The total figures of the casualties are  
not available, but seventy bodies were  
buried to-day. This is estimated to be  
less than half the total of the killed.  
The Jewish estimates say that not less  
than two hundred were killed. The  
number of wounded is enormous.

A feature of the excesses was the  
brutality and brutality with which the  
victims of the massacre were treated.  
Some of the corpses were mere masses  
of pulped flesh, the wounded in some  
cases having scarcely a sound bone in  
their bodies.

## URGENT PRESIDENT TO TAKE ACTION

Mass Meeting of Jews to Be Held  
to Protest Against  
Massacre.

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, June 18.—A call for a  
meeting of protest against the massacre  
of Jews in Russia has been sent out  
by the United Hebrew Congregations  
of America. The meeting is to be held  
at Madison Square Garden, at 8 o'clock  
to-morrow night, at which resolutions will  
be proposed, asking President Roosevelt  
to send an envoy from the United States  
to the coming conference at The Hague,  
which was called by Emperor Nicholas.  
The President also will be asked to sus-  
pend the provisions of the new immigra-  
tion bill, for the benefit of Hebrew refu-  
gees from Russia.

## KIDNAPPER CAUGHT AND BOY RESCUED

Sensational Arrest of  
Abductor of Freddie  
Muth.

## MAN QUAILED WHEN FACING BIG CROWD

Is Member of a Respectable  
New York Family, and Has  
Wife and Three Children.  
Stole Boy Because  
He Needed  
Money.

(By Associated Press.)

PHILADELPHIA, PA., June 18.—Freddie  
Muth, the seven-year-old son of  
Jeweler Charles Muth, who was kid-  
napped from the Muhlenberg public  
school last Thursday, was found this  
afternoon in a vacant house and returned  
to his grief-stricken parents. John Joseph  
Kean, a member of a respectable New  
York family, one time bookkeeper of the  
Harlem Bank, a stock broker, and, more  
recently, a real estate agent, is the ab-  
ductor. He occupies a cell in the Cen-  
tral Police Station, with life imprison-  
ment staring him in the face.

### Long Search Made.

From the day of the kidnapping until  
the arrest this afternoon, Kean had kept  
the child in the vacant house in West  
Philadelphia. Meantime the entire de-  
fective and police force of this city were  
conducting an unremitting search and  
the authorities of other cities had been  
furnished with a description of the boy  
and his captor, with instructions to keep  
a lookout for the pair.

Captain Donaghy, of the local detec-  
tive force, however, was convinced that  
Kean and the child were in the city.

The first information that Kean and  
his captive were in the vicinity in which  
the arrest was eventually made, came  
from Joseph Sager, a baker at Sixtieth  
and Haverford Avenue, who told a po-  
liceman last week that he had seen a  
man and boy answering the description  
of the pair in an oyster saloon at No.  
603 Haverford Avenue shortly after mid-  
night last Wednesday.

Sager was acquainted with Kean, and  
the police were thus enabled to obtain  
his address. They visited his home and  
learned from his wife that he had not  
been there with her knowledge. Since  
last Monday, the day previous to the  
abduction, she stated, however, that he  
had evidently crept into the house, as  
a pillow, an overcoat and a cape were  
missing.

With this clue to work on, the police  
redoubled their efforts. They were cer-  
tain of the identity of the man, and all  
doubts in this direction were removed  
when Charles T. Cooke, a real estate  
dealer, engaged in a conversation with  
a complaint that John Joseph Kean, who  
had acted as collector and agent for him,  
had embezzled \$400. Specimens of his  
handwriting were shown the police, and  
they found it to be identical with the  
writing in the letters which the abductor  
had begun sending to Mr. Muth.

### Discovery of Boy.

Special Officers Clare and Vale to-day  
instituted a search of the vacant houses  
in their district, and they paid another  
visit to dwellings Nos. 123, 425 and 427  
North Sixty-third Street.

When Vale reached the third floor of  
No. 425 he observed Freddie Muth stand-  
ing on the rear shed of No. 427. He called  
to him, saying: "Hello, Freddie!" Fre-  
ddie said "Hello!" and immediately began  
to cry. Vale leaped through the window  
and stepped across the roof to the ad-  
joining house. He was just in time to  
see Kean hurrying down the stairs. Draw-  
ing his revolver, he fired at the fleeing  
man, but missed. He crawled through  
the window and followed, catching up with  
Kean as the latter was making for the  
front door. The policeman again pointed  
his revolver at the kidnapper, who threw  
up his hands, crying: "I surrender." The  
child in the meanwhile had followed the  
pair and reached the first floor as the ar-  
rest was made. The kidnapper and his  
captive were hastened to the nearest  
police station and from there taken in

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

## FIRST DIRECT LOAN IN PARIS PLACED

Important Financial Event An-  
nounced by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.  
in New York.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Kuhn, Loeb and  
Company, bankers, announced this even-  
ing that they had purchased from the  
Pennsylvania Railroad Company \$20,000,000  
francs Pennsylvania loan 12-15 year,  
\$3-4 French franc loan of 1896, guaran-  
teed as to principal and interest by the  
Pennsylvania Railroad Company. A  
member of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb and  
Company, in speaking about the matter,  
said:  
"We consider that the closing up of  
this transaction is a most important event  
financially. It marks the placing of the  
first direct American loan in Paris, and  
it is, further, the first officially-sanctioned  
American loan placed there."  
"It means that about \$50,000,000 in  
French currency will come to this coun-  
try. This French money will arrive here  
at an opportune time. The issue price  
will be between 99 and par. All the  
costs and expenses incidental to the plac-  
ing of this loan will be borne by French  
banks interested, and the Pennsylvania  
Company will have to pay no part of the  
expense."  
"Many legal technicalities had to be  
overcome in order to conform with the  
French laws before the affair was finally  
closed up."



FREDDIE MUTH.

## TOBACCO TRUST ALLIES INDICTED

Bench Warrants Issued by New  
York Court for Heads of Two  
Companies.

## VIOLATION OF SHERMAN LAW

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 18.—The Federal  
grand jury to-day handed down an in-  
dictment charging the MacAndrews and  
Forbes Company, the John S. Young  
Company, of Baltimore, and the presi-  
dents of the two corporations, Karl  
Jungbluth and Howard E. Young, with  
violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.  
The indictment is the result of an in-  
vestigation into the so-called tobacco trust,  
commenced by the Federal grand jury  
in May, 1905. Bench warrants for the  
accused defendants were issued soon after  
the report of the grand jury was made.

### Alleged Agreement.

The complaints which led to the in-  
vestigation were made to the government  
by independent tobacco manufacturers,  
and were to the effect that the Mac-  
Andrews & Forbes Company, and the  
John S. Young Company had entered into  
an illegal combination to control in this  
country, the sale of licorice paste. With-  
out this commodity, the independent pur-  
chase manufacturers were unable to  
continue in business. It is alleged that  
the John S. Young Company, of Bal-  
timore, under the agreement, supplied the  
independent manufacturers with the  
paste at prices fixed by the trust, and  
that the subsidiary corporations of the  
combination, the American Tobacco  
Company, the American Snuff Company,  
the P. Lorillard Company and the R. J. Rey-  
nolds Tobacco Company, were supplied  
by the MacAndrews & Forbes Company.

### Discrimination Shown.

The indictment contains a long series  
of correspondence signed by the accused,  
both as corporations and individuals, all  
showing a control of the licorice paste  
market and a constantly increasing price  
to be charged to the independent manu-  
facturers. Letters to some of the inde-  
pendent manufacturers show a refusal to  
all orders in one instance a demand for  
two hundred cases being sealed down to  
fifty. Subsequent letters passing between  
the accused stated that it was deemed  
unwise to fill such orders and permit the  
independent manufacturers to "stock up."  
After a conference between the attor-  
neys for the defendants and Messrs. Taft  
and Levy, it was agreed that Messrs.  
Jungbluth and Young should appear on  
Wednesday and give bail in \$5,000 each.

## CONFEDERATE VETERAN WILL OPPOSE TILLMAN

Colonel Lumpkin, Distinguished  
as Soldier, to Run for United  
States Senate.

(By Associated Press.)  
COLUMBIA, S. C., June 18.—Colonel  
W. W. Lumpkin to-day entered the cam-  
paign for the United States Senate  
against Senator Tillman. The campaign  
opens to-morrow. There are eight can-  
didates for Governor. Colonel Lumpkin  
will announce his platform to-morrow.  
He is a Confederate soldier, with a dis-  
tinguished career; is nephew of a for-  
mer chief justice, brother of a member  
of the present Supreme Court, and grandson  
of a former Governor of Georgia.  
All pledges of candidates for State of-  
fices in the Democratic primary were filed  
to-day. Dispensary is the main issue  
in the gubernatorial race. There are two  
candidates for Lieutenant-Governor, four  
for Secretary of State, three for Attorney-  
General, two for Comptroller, one for  
State Treasurer, two for Auditor-Gen-  
eral, one for Superintendent of Educa-  
tion, five for Railroad Commissioners, and  
two for the United States Senate. Con-  
gressmen Legare, Ellerbe and Lever have  
no opposition. Messrs. Finley, Patterson,  
Aiken and Johnston will have nomination  
opposition.

## FELL TWENTY-FOOT TO INSTANT DEATH

Body of Mr. C. M. Bergh  
Is Found Back of the  
Library Building.

## HAD BEEN DEAD SINCE FRIDAY

Was Land Agent, With Office at  
No. 1439 East Main Street.  
Had Large Check and  
About \$20 in Pockets.  
Skull Fractured  
by the Fall.

Mr. C. M. Bergh, secretary and land  
representative of the firm of C. M. Bergh &  
Son, with offices at No. 1439 East Main  
Street, was found dead in the air-well of  
the Davis Hotel yesterday at 4 o'clock.  
Death was caused by a fall, and his  
skull was badly fractured from the outer  
corner of the right eye over the top of  
his head to the left ear.

### Death Occurred Some Time Friday Night.

Mr. Bergh was last seen at about 10:30  
o'clock that night. At that time he was  
somewhat under the influence of liquor,  
and friends were endeavoring to  
make him go home, Mr. Robert Gaede,  
who also has his office at No. 1439 East  
Main Street, had been with him during  
the evening, and is the last known person  
to have seen him; and at that time says  
that he urged him to go home, as they  
separated.

### Unfrequented Place.

That the body was not discovered  
sooner is due to the unfrequented place  
where the accident happened.  
The body was found at the foot of a  
half-open air-well, which faces the State  
Library. Being on the side of the hill,  
the well descends about twenty feet below  
the ground to the street level, and the  
dead man lay in the shadows against  
the wall. The only person who has en-  
tered this well, which runs about thirty  
feet back into the building, since Friday  
is Mrs. Mary A. Kean, who supplies  
artificial flowers in the building. While un-  
locking and looking the back shutters to  
these stores, she has passed within a few  
feet of the body several times, but did  
not notice it until yesterday evening.  
When she was making her rounds,  
"There's a man," she exclaimed, as she  
discovered the prostrate form; and she  
hurried around to the Eureka and Prior  
Printing Company and informed them  
that a man was lying in the well.

### Coroner Notified.

When death was ascertained, the police  
and coroner were notified. Officer Keely  
and another policeman were soon on the  
scene, followed shortly by Coroner  
Taylor.

Besides the fracture the dead man had  
received no other injuries. He was well-  
dressed and in his pockets was found  
a pocket-book containing a check for  
\$350, a ten-dollar bill and about as much  
in small money, a lucky penny, and  
other lucky trinkets. His pockets con-  
tained several letters, a knife, silver  
watch, spectacles, ring and other small  
articles. There were also two coins sewed  
up in the lining of his pocket-book.

### Groping to Room.

It is supposed that Mr. Bergh had lost  
his latch key, as none was found in his  
pockets, and that he had gone around in  
the Capitol grounds to try to get  
into his room, which is on the top floor  
at the corner of the building, by climb-  
ing up the fire escape and entering a  
window. The fire escape steps begin  
about twenty feet above the bottom of  
the well, and on a level with the top  
of the embankment. In climbing up the  
ladder, he probably lost his hold and  
fell, striking squarely on top of his  
head.

Mr. Bergh, a Norwegian by birth, was  
about fifty-five years old and married.  
His wife lives in Toano, Va. He has a  
son, Mr. H. A. Bergh, who lives in Nor-  
folk, James City county, Va., and is a partner  
in his father's business. He has lived in  
Richmond for many years, but has never  
been in a business way, there seems to  
be no one who knows much about him.  
Mr. Robert Gaede, who has been con-  
templating going into partnership with him,  
can tell little about him. He formerly  
lived at No. 25 South Fifteenth Street,  
but the people there know little about  
him.

### Speaks in High Terms.

Mr. Daniel Murphy, who has been doing  
his printing for the last six years, speaks  
of him in high terms. The printer had  
just completed a large order for letter-  
head writing paper for Mr. Bergh, when  
he learned of the tragedy.

### Tragic Night.

Friday night Mr. Bergh ate his supper  
at Henry Beardsley's eating house, at No.  
21 North Seventeenth Street, at which  
place he was a frequent visitor. Mr.  
Beardsley knew him well, but nothing  
of him. Late yesterday afternoon a lady  
called up Mr. Beardsley and in-  
quired several times and made anxious  
inquiries about Mr. Bergh. She refused  
to give her name.

### The Body Was Sent to Reddin's Undertaking Parlor for Preparation for Burial.

### New Judge Banqueted.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
LURAY, VA., June 18.—The members  
of the Luray bar to-night, at the Hotel  
Lawrence, in this place, tendered a ban-  
quet to Hon. T. N. Howe, the newly-  
elected judge of this circuit. Judge Howe  
succeeded Hon. T. W. Harrison, who has  
been judge of this circuit for a number  
of years.

## GOVERNOR OF OHIO LONG SICK, DIES



J. M. PATTISON  
Gov. of Ohio

## DESPARD JUMPS BAIL IN NEW YORK

Alleged Kohler Diamond Thief  
Leaps for Liberty Through  
His Bond.

## WREN BACK EMPTY-HANDED

Wheaton B. Despard, the Kohler dia-  
mond thief, is a free man, and Detective  
Wren's trip to New York was in vain.  
Despard worked the Goldbrick Parker  
trick; getting bail from a New York Po-  
lice Justice and skipping.

The following telegram was received  
last night from Mr. Charles Kohler, who  
went on to New York to identify Des-  
pard:

"Despard bailed to appear in court  
at 2 P. M. to-day; failed to show up.  
Be home in morning."

Another laconic telegram is reported  
as having come from Detective Wren:  
"Lost my man."

### An Elegant Ring.

The ring reported by the Kohlers as  
having been stolen by Despard and his  
friend, A. L. Preston, was massive and  
elegant, valued at a large sum. The  
alleged thief was committed about a  
week ago. Despard, who has the alias  
of Dan Stevens, and Preston went to  
the Kohler store and asked to see some  
diamond rings.

Mr. Kohler brought a tray and Despard  
looked over several and asked for more.  
Presently they said they would come  
again if they fully made up their minds  
to buy.

### Cheap Ring Substituted.

Mr. Kohler noticed the tray of dia-  
monds when the men had gone, and  
found a cheap imitation in the place of  
the ring. He immediately reported the  
theft, and it was at once reported to the police.  
Detective Wiltshire was particularly ac-  
tive in working the case, and by a clever  
scheme succeeded in locating Despard in  
New York. The smooth-tongued man put  
under arrest, and identified by Mr.  
Charles Kohler as the man wanted. It  
never occurred to the police here that  
so much wanted a man as this would be  
balled for any but a sum that only a  
prince could give.

Sergeant Wren went for the man Sat-  
urday, and was to reach the city in return  
this morning. He comes empty-handed  
and doubtless very much disgusted with  
the ways of metropolitan police justices.

## SIX DEAD AS RESULT OF RIDE ON HAND-CAR

(By Associated Press.)

KNOXVILLE, TENN., June 18.—The  
list of victims of Sunday's accident on  
the Louisville and Nashville Railroad  
bridge across the Hiwassee River, when  
a hand-car loaded with people was run  
down by a train, was increased to six  
by the deaths of Sarah Blankenship and  
J. H. Brinkley, who died of their injuries  
shortly after the accident. The  
hand-car was taken without authority,  
the railroad officials say. All persons  
on the car, except two, were thrown  
from the bridge into the river by the  
force of the collision.

## STEAMER, ROLLING IN HEAVY SEA, ABANDONED

Captain and Crew Leave Vessel,  
but Still Have Hope of  
Floating Her.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Late this after-  
noon the position of the stranded steam-  
er Vincenzo Bonanno became so dan-  
gerous that it was decided to bring the  
crew ashore. The wind and heavy sea  
this afternoon rolled the vessel volu-  
ntarily. The breeches buoy was put in  
use by Wood's life-saving crew, which  
has been standing ready to assist the  
stranded mariners, and two men were  
brought safely ashore in this manner.  
The remainder of the crew, thirty-one  
men, the captain of the steamer and the  
one passenger were brought ashore in  
the life-boat at half-past four o'clock  
this afternoon.

An attempt to float the ship probably  
will be made at high-water.

Republican Succeeds  
Man Who Captured  
State for Democrats.

## BROKEN DOWN BY STRAIN OF CAMPAIGN

Condition, However, Was Re-  
garded as Favorable, and News  
of Death Came as Great  
Shock to State.  
Sketch of His  
Career.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CINCINNATI, O., June 18.—John M.  
Pattison, Governor of Ohio, died at his  
home, in Milford, a suburb of this city,  
at 4:20 o'clock this afternoon. He had  
passed a good night, and there had  
been no report of any serious change  
during the day. During the early after-  
noon the news from his home was con-  
sidered favorable, and the later announce-  
ment of death came as a great shock to  
the Governor's friends. Since then the  
meaning of the report was current that  
he had suffered a relapse.

Governor Pattison, "the man who beat  
the machine in Ohio," performed the  
political miracle of changing Ohio from  
a Republican to a Democratic State.  
He was elected Governor by more than  
40,000 overwhelming Republican plu-  
rality in the preceding election. Andrew  
Linton Harris, Republican Lieu-  
tenant-Governor, under the Constitution,  
becomes Governor during the rest of the  
term for which Pattison was elected.

### His Own Man.

At the convention which nominated  
Governor Pattison it was asserted by  
one of his supporters that the candidate  
was "his own man." There was not a  
man in the convention who did not know  
the meaning of the statement, or who  
failed to appreciate its significance as a  
campaign text. It was something new in  
Ohio politics of any creed for the party  
leaders to go to the nominating conven-  
tion with a candidate in their pocket, and  
to return to the campaign with the candi-  
date in their hand. This is precisely what  
happened at that convention.  
The leaders were on hand promptly  
with their various selections, but none  
of them had chosen John M. Pattison.

For once, however, the rural delega-  
tion rose to the occasion and elected to be  
the "own man" of the party. The  
country gentlemen of Cincinnati, Cleve-  
land, Columbus and Toledo, who had de-  
voted themselves so long and so unself-  
ishly, perhaps, to the duty of represent-  
ing the party in convention assembled,  
the country gentlemen united to elect  
John M. Pattison and refused to be  
tempted by any one of the five other  
candidates dangled seductively before them  
by the party leaders.

The reputation of being "his own man"  
was of great service to Mr. Pattison dur-  
ing the campaign. He pleased the people  
mightily, and they turned out in great  
force to obtain a glimpse of such a po-  
litical novelty. His popularity became  
so apparent that his political enemies  
were almost thrown into consternation.  
They charged him with being an op-  
portunistic shrewd to take advantage of  
an easily acquired popularity, but stand-  
ing for little or nothing himself. Al-  
most precisely the same was said of  
the late Mr. McKinley. The very charge  
was an admission of the power of his  
personality and shrewdness. It argued  
well for his ability that he saw a better  
opportunity in a direct appeal to his  
party than in the cut and dried method  
of propitiating the party leaders.

From this standpoint alone Governor  
Pattison was a deeply interesting man.  
His record both in business and in pub-  
lic showed him to be a man in advance  
of his time rather than a man who is  
the mere product of popular clamor to  
his own personal ambition. In business  
he introduced the first bill providing for  
the Federal supervision of insurance.  
That was long before the present New  
York legislative investigation was con-  
templated. He worked and voted to re-  
store the first rural free delivery approp-  
riation. The experts of that time had  
to little confidence in the experiment  
that the postoffice returned that approp-  
riation as an unexpended balance, but  
the farmers of to-day know its worth.  
In the State Senate, Mr. Pattison held  
out against the solid front of his party  
when, in 1890, an attempt was made to  
repeal the law closing saloons on Sun-  
day. For his opposition to that repeal

(Continued on Second Page.)

## PEOPLE PAY FOR BEEF INSPECTION

President Yields to the  
Clamor and Committee  
Makes Concessions

## LAMB WILL LEAD MINORITY FIGHT

Small Party of Democrats Now  
Standing Alone in Effort to  
Have Packers Bear Ex-  
pense—Provisions of  
Bill as Finally  
Agreed Upon.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18.—Chair-  
man Wadsworth, of the Committee on  
Agriculture, hastened to have the meat  
inspection bill recommitted to the hands  
of the Committee on Agriculture when  
the House met to-day, and at a called  
meeting of the committee this afternoon  
succeeded in having the committee agree  
to practically all the changes which the  
President directed be made in the meas-  
ure. Speaker Cannon had to be called  
in to help the chairman of the commit-  
tee, and for fifteen minutes the House  
Committee on Agriculture enjoyed the un-  
precedented honor of having the Speaker  
of the House plead with it to agree to  
report a measure amended in a certain  
fashion.

The committee agreed to report an  
amendment, which is in substance the  
original Beveridge amendment added in  
the Senate, with the exception that it  
provides that the cost of inspection shall  
be borne by the government. The Presi-  
dent made a lot of having the original  
bill provide that the cost be borne by the  
packers themselves. But now he has  
"laid down," and says he will not in-  
sist upon this feature, and will allow  
Congress to put upon the government the  
cost of making the packers sell clean  
and wholesome products.